

## CLAIMS

We claim:

- 1        1. An article of manufacture, comprising:  
2        an organic structure and inorganic atoms bonded to  
3        selected locations on the organic structure.
- 1        2. The article of manufacture according to claim 1,  
2        wherein the inorganic atoms form an electrical conductor.
- 1        3. The article of manufacture according to claim 1,  
2        wherein the organic structure includes DNA.
- 1        4. A structure, comprising:  
2        a DNA molecule including an R-loop; and  
3        a nanoparticle bound to the DNA molecule in the  
4        interior of the R-loop.
- 1        5. The structure according to claim 4, wherein the  
2        nanoparticle is ferromagnetic, ferroelectric, or a  
3        semiconductor.
- 1        6. The structure according to claim 4, wherein the

2 structure forms a conductor to two sides of the R-loop.

1        7. The structure according to claim 5, wherein the  
2 nanoparticle includes at least one material selected from  
3 the group consisting of a semiconductor, a metal, and an  
4 alloy.

1        8. A structure, comprising:  
2 an electrode positioned by a biomolecule; and  
3 a nanoparticle spaced apart from the biomolecule.

1        9. A method for self assembly of inorganic material  
2 utilizing a self assembled organic template, the method  
3 comprising the steps of:  
4 forming an organic structure; and  
5 bonding inorganic atoms to selected locations on the  
6 organic structure.

1        10. A structure, comprising:  
2 a substrate;  
3 a first electrode and a second electrode on the  
4 substrate;  
5 an organic molecule extending between the first  
6 electrode and the second electrode; and

7           a nanoparticle bonded to the organic molecule.

1           11. The structure according to claim 10, wherein the  
2 first electrode and the second electrode are gold.

1           12. The structure according to claim 10, wherein the  
2 organic molecule is DNA.

1           13. The structure according to claim 12, wherein the  
2 DNA is double stranded.

1           14. The structure according to claim 12, wherein the  
2 DNA is  $\epsilon$ -DNA.

1           15. The structure according to claim 12, wherein the  
2 DNA molecule extending between the first electrode and the  
3 second electrode includes an R-loop and the nanoparticle is  
4 bonded to the DNA molecule inside the R-loop.

1           16. The structure according to claim 15, further  
2 comprising:  
3           an RNA strand complementary to one strand of the DNA  
4 within the R-loop.

1        17. The structure according to claim 15, wherein at  
2 least one nucleotide is attached to the nanoparticle.

3

4        18. The structure according to claim 17, wherein the  
5 at least one nucleotide is complementary to at least one  
6 nucleotide of the DNA molecule within the R-loop.

1        19. The structure according to claim 17, wherein the  
2 at least one nucleotide is complementary to at least one  
3 nucleotide of the DNA molecule within the R-loop at a  
4 location equidistant from the first electrode and the second  
5 electrode.

1        20. The structure according to claim 10, further  
2 comprising:

3        an organic molecule bonded to a surface of the first  
4 electrode and the second electrode.

1        21. The structure according to claim 20, wherein the  
2 organic molecule bonded to the surface of the first  
3 electrode and the second electrode is DNA.

1        22. The structure according to claim 20, wherein the  
2 DNA molecule bonded to the surface of the first electrode

3 and the second electrode is sulfur terminated and single  
4 stranded.

1        23. The structure according to claim 21, wherein the  
2 DNA molecule bonded to the first electrode has a different  
3 sequence than the DNA molecule bonded to the second  
4 electrode.

1        24. The structure according to claim 21, wherein the  
2 DNA molecule bonded to the first electrode and the second  
3 electrode includes from five to twenty base pairs.

1        25. The structure according to claim 17, wherein the  
2 organic molecule extending between the first electrode and  
3 the second electrode is DNA.

1        26. The structure according to claim 25, wherein the  
2 DNA molecule extending between the first electrode and the  
3 second electrode includes an R-loop and the nanoparticle is  
4 bonded to the DNA molecule inside the R-loop.

1        27. The structure according to claim 26, further  
2 comprising:

3        an RNA strand complementary to one strand of the DNA

4 within the R-loop.

1        28. The structure according to claim 26, wherein at  
2 least one nucleotide is attached to the nanoparticle.

1        29. The structure according to claim 28, wherein the  
2 at least one nucleotide is complementary to at least one  
3 nucleotide of the DNA molecule within the R-loop.

1        30. The structure according to claim 28, wherein the  
2 at least one nucleotide is complementary to at least one  
3 nucleotide of the DNA molecule within the R-loop at a  
4 location equidistant from the first electrode and the second  
5 electrode.

1        31. The structure according to claim 25, wherein the  
2 DNA molecule extending between the first electrode and the  
3 second electrode is double stranded.

1        32. The structure according to claim 25, wherein the  
2 DNA is  $\epsilon$ -DNA.

1        33. The structure according to claim 21, wherein the  
2 DNA molecule extending between the first electrode and the

3 second electrode includes sticky ends that hybridize with  
4 the DNA molecules bonded to the surface of the first  
5 electrode and second electrode.

1 34. The structure according to claim 10, further  
2 comprising:

3 an electrically conducting material on the organic  
4 molecule extending between the first electrode and the  
5 second electrode.

1 35. The structure according to claim 34, wherein the  
2 electrically conducting material includes silver ions bonded  
3 to phosphate groups of the DNA molecule.

1 36. The structure according to claim 34, wherein the  
2 electrically conducting material includes metallic silver on  
3 the DNA molecule.

1 37. The structure according to claim 10, further  
2 comprising:

3 a third electrode on the substrate between the first  
4 electrode and the second electrode.

1 38. The structure according to claim 37, wherein the

2 third electrode is equidistant from the first electrode and  
3 the second electrode.

1 39. The structure according to claim 37, wherein the  
2 third electrode has a width of about 100 nm to about 5000  
3 nm.

1 40. The structure according to claim 37, wherein the  
2 third electrode has a width of less than 100 nm.

1 41. The structure according to claim 37, wherein the  
2 third electrode is perpendicular to the organic molecule  
3 extending between the first electrode and the second  
4 electrode.

1 42. The structure according to claim 37, wherein the  
2 organic molecule contacts the third electrode.

1 43. The structure according to claim 10, wherein the  
2 two electrodes are separated by a distance of about 1 $\mu$ m to  
3 about 100 $\mu$ m.

1 44. The structure according to claim 10, wherein the  
2 first electrode and the second electrode are made of a



3 material that includes gold.

1        45. The structure according to claim 10, wherein the  
2 first electrode and the second electrode are made of an  
3 oxide-free material.

1        46. The structure according to claim 10, wherein the  
2 first electrode and the second electrode terminate in sharp  
3 tips that face each other.

1        47. The structure according to claim 10, wherein the  
2 substrate is made of a material that includes a glass.

1        48. The structure according to claim 10, further  
2 comprising:  
3        a fourth electrode positioned between the first  
4 electrode and the second electrode.

1        49. The structure according to claim 48, wherein the  
2 fourth electrode has a width of about 100 nm to about 5000  
3 nm.

1        50. The structure according to claim 48, wherein the  
2 fourth electrode has a width of less than 100 nm.

1        51. The structure according to claim 48, wherein the  
2 fourth electrode is perpendicular to the organic molecule  
3 extending between the first electrode and the second  
4 electrode.

1        52. The structure according to claim 48, wherein the  
2 organic molecule contacts the third electrode and the fourth  
3 electrode.

1        53. The structure according to claim 52, wherein the  
2 electrodes and the organic molecule extending between the  
3 first electrode and the second electrode form an AND gate.

1        54. The structure according to claim 10, further  
2 comprising:  
3        a third electrode and a fourth electrode on the  
4 substrate;  
5        a second organic molecule extending between the third  
6 electrode and the fourth electrode; and  
7        a nanoparticle bonded to the second organic molecule.

1        55. The structure according to claim 54, further  
2 comprising:

3        a fifth electrode on the substrate arranged at least  
4 between the first electrode and the second electrode; and  
5        a sixth electrode on the substrate arranged at least  
6 between the third electrode and the fourth electrode.

1        56. The structure according to claim 55, wherein:  
2        the organic molecules contact the fifth electrode and  
3 the sixth electrode; and  
4        the electrodes and the organic molecules are  
5 electrically connected together to form an OR gate.

1        57. The structure according to claim 56, wherein one  
2 of the first electrode and the second electrode is  
3 electrically connected to one of the third electrode and the  
4 fourth electrode and the other of the first electrode and  
5 the second electrode is electrically connected to the other  
6 of the third electrode and the fourth electrode.

1        58. The structure according to claim 10, further  
2 comprising:  
3        a plurality of nanoparticles bonded to the organic  
4 molecule.

1        59. A method, comprising the steps of:

2        forming a first electrode on a substrate;  
3        forming a second electrode on a substrate;  
4        extending an organic molecule between the first  
5 electrode and the second electrode; and  
6        inserting at least one nanoparticle into at least one  
7 location in the organic molecule.

1        60. The method according to claim 59, further  
2 comprising the step of:  
3        arranging an electrically conducting material on the  
4 organic molecule.

1        61. The method according to claim 59, further  
2 comprising the step of:  
3        arranging an organic molecule on the first electrode  
4 and the second electrode.

1        62. The method according to claim 61, wherein the  
2 organic molecules extending between the first electrode and  
3 the second electrode and deposited on the first electrode  
4 and the second electrode are DNA molecules.

1        63. The method according to claim 62, wherein:  
2        the DNA molecules attached to the first electrode and

3 the second electrode are single-stranded, sulfur-terminated,  
4 include from about five to about twenty bases, and have  
5 different sequences of bases; and

6 the DNA molecule extending between the first electrode  
7 and the second electrode includes sticky ends complementary  
8 to and hybridizing with the DNA molecules attached to the  
9 first electrode and the second electrode.

1 64. The method according to claim 62, further  
2 comprising the steps of:

3 attaching the DNA molecules to the first electrode and  
4 the second electrode; and

5 bonding the DNA molecule extending between the first  
6 electrode and the second electrode to the DNA molecule  
7 attached to the first electrode and the second electrode.

1 65. The method according to claim 64, further  
2 comprising the steps of:

3 forming at least one R-loop in the DNA molecule  
4 extending between the first electrode and the second  
5 electrode using at least one RNA strand complementary to at  
6 least one portion of the DNA molecule extending between the  
7 first electrode and the second electrode; and

8 attaching a nanoparticle to a portion of the DNA in

9 each R-loop not attached to an RNA molecule.

1        66. The method according to claim 63, wherein the step  
2 of depositing an organic molecule on the first electrode and  
3 the second electrode comprises the steps of:

4        preparing a solution of the DNA molecule to be attached  
5 to the first electrode;

6        preparing a solution of the DNA molecule to be attached  
7 to the second electrode;

8        placing the first solution on one of the electrodes and  
9 the second solution on the other of the electrodes to permit  
10 a sulfur group to attach to the electrode; and

11        rinsing off the solution.

1        67. The method according to claim 66, further  
2 comprising the steps of:

3        dispensing a solution of the DNA molecule to extend  
4 between the first electrode and the second electrode onto  
5 the substrate between the first electrode and the second  
6 electrode; and

7        aligning between the first electrode and the second  
8 electrode the DNA molecule that is to extend between the  
9 first electrode and the second electrode.

1        68. The method according to claim 67, wherein the DNA  
2 molecule is aligned by inducing an electric field of a flow  
3 field between the two electrodes.

1        69. The method according to claim 68, further  
2 comprising the steps of:  
3        forming an R-loop in the DNA molecule extending between  
4 the first electrode and the second electrode using an RNA  
5 strand complementary to a portion of the DNA molecule  
6 extending between the first electrode and the second  
7 electrode between the first electrode and the second  
8 electrode; and  
9        attaching the nanoparticle to a portion of the DNA in  
10 the R-loop not attached to the RNA molecule.

1        70. The method according to claim 69, further  
2 comprising the step of:  
3        functionalizing the nanoparticle with at least one  
4 nucleotide complementary to at least one base of the portion  
5 of the DNA loop within the R-loop prior to attaching it to  
6 the DNA within the R-loop.

1        71. The method according to claim 70, further  
2 comprising the step of:

3       forming a suspension of the nanoparticle; and  
4       dispensing the suspension of the nanoparticle on the  
5 DNA molecule extending between the first electrode and the  
6 second electrode.

1       72. The method according to claim 71, further  
2 comprising the step of:  
3       depositing an electrically conducting material on the  
4 DNA molecule extending between the first electrode and the  
5 second electrode.

1       73. The method according to claim 71, wherein the  
2 electrically conducting material is deposited on the DNA  
3 molecule extending between the first electrode and the  
4 second electrode by immersing the substrate in a silver-  
5 containing solution to form a silver salt with phosphate  
6 groups of the DNA molecule, the method further comprising  
7 the step of:  
8       reducing the silver salt deposited on the DNA molecule  
9 extending between the first electrode and the second  
10 electrode to metallic silver.

1       74. The method according to claim 73, wherein  
2 reduction of the silver salt comprises the steps of:



3 exposing the silver salt to a reducing agent.

1 75. The method according to claim 74, wherein  
2 reduction of the silver salt comprises the steps of:  
3 exposing the silver salt to hydroquinone/ $\text{OH}^-$  followed  
4 by hydroquinone/ $\text{H}^+$ .

1 76. The method according to claim 60, further  
2 comprising the step of:  
3 providing a third electrode on the substrate between  
4 the first electrode and the second electrode.

1 77. The method according to claim 76, further  
2 comprising the steps of:  
3 forming capacitive linkages between the electrically  
4 conducting material on the organic molecule and the third  
5 electrode.

1 78. The method according to claim 76, further  
2 comprising the steps of:  
3 electrically connecting the electrically conducting  
4 material on the organic molecule and the third electrode to  
5 form an OR gate.

1        79. The method according to claim 60, further  
2 comprising:  
3        providing a third electrode and a fourth electrode on  
4 the substrate;  
5        extending a second organic molecule between the third  
6 electrode and the fourth electrode; and  
7        at least one nanoparticle bonded to the second organic  
8 molecule.

1        80. The method according to claim 77, further  
2 comprising the steps of:  
3        providing a fifth electrode on the substrate arranged  
4 at least between the first electrode and the second  
5 electrode; and  
6        providing a sixth electrode on the substrate arranged  
7 at least between the third electrode and the fourth  
8 electrode.

1        81. The method according to claim 79, further  
2 comprising the step of:  
3        electrically connecting the organic molecules and the  
4 electrodes to form an OR gate.

1        82. The method according to claim 79, further

2 comprising the step of:

3        electrically connecting one of the first electrode and  
4 the second electrode to one of the third electrode and the  
5 fourth electrode; and

6        electrically connecting the other of the first  
7 electrode and the second electrode to the other of the third  
8 electrode and the fourth electrode.

1        83. The method according to claim 59, wherein a  
2 plurality of nanoparticles are inserted into a plurality of  
3 locations on the organic molecule.

1        84. A method for controlling a device that includes a  
2 substrate, a first electrode and a second electrode on the  
3 substrate, an organic molecule extending between the first  
4 electrode and the second electrode, a nanoparticle bonded to  
5 the organic molecule, and an electrically conducting  
6 material on the organic molecule, the method comprising the  
7 steps of:

8        creating a bias in the electrically conducting  
9 material; and

10        regulating a charge in the nanoparticle to effect a  
11 change in the current in the electrically conducting  
12 material to effect a change in the current in the

13 electrically conducting material.